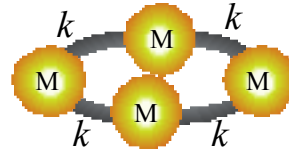
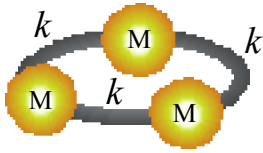


Assignment 13 - Classical Mechanics 5103 11/21/17 CMwBang Ch.4.4 to 4.8. and Lect.23-24 Due Thur. Nov. 30



Ex.1. Two's Company but Three's a Crowd

Three identical $M=1kg$ masses slide on a friction-free circular ring and are coupled by three identical $k=4N\cdot m^{-1}$ springs. (Left hand sketch.)

(a) Show that the resulting \mathbf{K} -matrix can be written as a combination of three matrices that commute, satisfy $\mathbf{r}^{3m}=\mathbf{1}$, and therefore have 3rd-roots-of-unity eigenvalues $e^{im2\pi/3}=\{1, e^{i2\pi/3}, e^{-i2\pi/3}\}$.

$\mathbf{r}^0 = \mathbf{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{r}^1 = \mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{r}^2 = \mathbf{r}\mathbf{r} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ Note: $\mathbf{r}|1\rangle=|2\rangle$, $\mathbf{r}|2\rangle=|3\rangle$, $\mathbf{r}|3\rangle=|1\rangle$, $\mathbf{r} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot \\ 1 \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{r}^2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{r} \begin{pmatrix} \cdot \\ 1 \\ \cdot \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, etc.

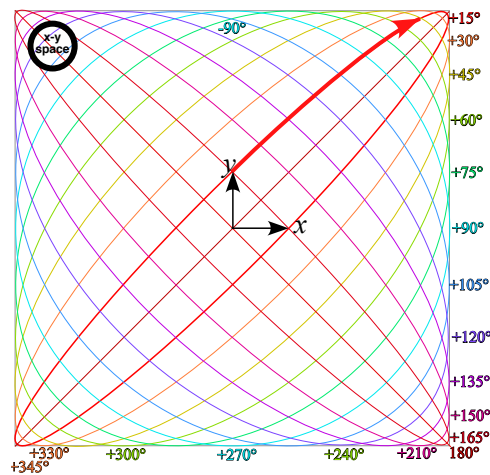
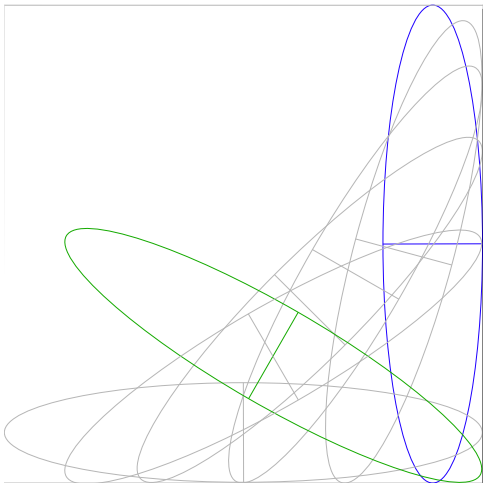
(b) Obtain a spectral decomposition of \mathbf{r}^m and use it to get a \mathbf{K} -matrix spectral decomposition, as well. Make a table of complex eigenmode phasors and their frequencies. Show how both modes and frequencies relate to the 3rd-roots of $e^{im2\pi/3}$ and plot the \mathbf{K} -eigenvalues versus the mode number m . (This is called a dispersion plot, particularly if it's done for \mathbf{H} -matrix eigenvalues.)

(c) Combining degenerate (equal-eigenvalue) complex eigenvector pairs to make pairs of eigenvectors with only real components.

(d) Sketch the motions of each real eigenvector.

Ex.2. ...and Four's a Mob

Do Ex.1 for four identical spring-k-coupled masses. (Right hand figure above.)



Ex.3 Do you know your ellipse tangents?

(a) Suppose an elliptic surfboard standing (like blue ellipse above) in a corner slides down the wall (like gray ellipses above). What curve does its center trace? Does it trace the same curve if it slides the other way (like green ellipse above) still tangent to wall and floor?

(b) This relates to energy of IHO elliptical orbits plotted above-right. Does energy of orbit (Lect.7 p.42-43) depend on relative phase $\Delta\alpha$? If each ellipse shown above is boxed by its $(2a\text{-by-}2b)$ rectangle what points or curve(s) do its corners trace as $\Delta\alpha$ varies? Construct these.

(c) Complete the labeling of the phase shift angles around top and left border. Discuss their physical/geometric significance.

